Shaking hands COMS20010 (Algorithms II)

John Lapinskas, University of Bristol



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but adding up the vertex degrees would be much easier.



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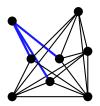
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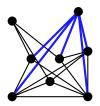
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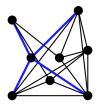
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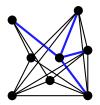
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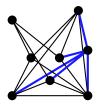
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Here,
$$\sum_{v} d(v) = 3 + 5 + 4 + 4 + 5 + 4 + 5 + 6 = 36$$
, so 18 edges total.

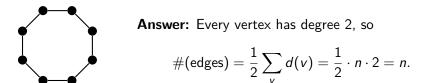
Handshake Lemma: For any graph G = (V, E), $\sum_{v \in V} d(v) = 2|E|$.

Question: How many edges does an *n*-vertex cycle have?



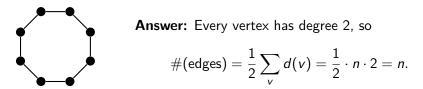
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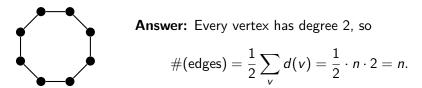
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A graph is *k*-regular if every vertex has degree *k* (so cycles are 2-regular). **Question:** Are there 3-regular graphs G = (V, E) with |V| odd?

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A graph is *k*-regular if every vertex has degree *k* (so cycles are 2-regular). Question: Are there 3-regular graphs G = (V, E) with |V| odd? Answer: No, as then $\sum_{v \in V} d(v)$ would be 3|V| (which is odd). 2|E| is even, so this can't happen.

In **directed** graphs, can we express the number of edges in terms of inand out-degrees? Yes!

Directed Handshake Lemma:

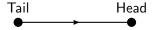
For any digraph G = (V, E), $\sum_{v \in V} d^+(v) = \sum_{v \in V} d^-(v) = |E|$.

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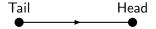
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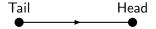
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